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ITALY.

NAPLES-Examination of Emigrants-Smallpox.

Surgeon Geddings reports January 9:

Vessels inspected at Naples and Palermo week ended January 7.

NAPLES.

Date.		Name of ship.	Destination.	Steerage passengers inspected and passed.	Pieces of baggage inspected and passed.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Jan.	4 6 6	Duca d'Aosta Cleveland Regina d'Italia	do	399	95 90 40	690 520 350
		Total		1,209	225	1, 560
			PALERMO.			
Jan.	7	Regina d'Italia	New York	211	400	250

Rejections recommended.

NAPLES.

Date.		Name of ship.	Trachoma.	Favus.	Suspected trachoma.	Other causes.	Total.
Jan.	4 6 6	Duca d'Aosta	19	1 1	10 7 6	1 6 5	39 33 17
			52	2	23	12	89
			PALERN	1 0.		i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
Jan.	7	Regina d'Italia	8		3		11

Smallpox in Naples.—During the week ended January 7, 36 cases of smallpox with 11 deaths were reported at the health office of the city of Naples.

MANCHURIA.

Status of Plague.

Minister Rockhill, at St. Petersburg, reported January 5 to the

Department of State:

A bulletin issued December 23, by the plague commission, shows 4 cases of plague with 4 deaths as occurring from December 12 to 16 in Manchuria within the radius allotted to the East-Chinese railroad. From the beginning of the epidemic to December 16 there had been reported 486 cases among Chinese with 485 deaths and among Russians during the same period 11 cases with 10 deaths.

The following information was received January 25 from the Depart-

ment of State:

Minister Calhoun at Peking reported, January 17 and 24, that plague was spreading with unabated virulence in Manchuria, the principal

points affected being Harbin and Mukden. The ravages of the disease appear to be confined to the lower classes of natives. At Harbin there have been 19 deaths among foreigners, of which 18 occurred among Russians intimately associated with natives of the lower classes, and 1 death in the person of a French physician who had unduly exposed himself. All north China appears to be threatened. Cases are reported at Chefoo, Tientsin, and Paoting-fu, and at least two well-authenticated cases at Peking. The Chinese authorities are reported as taking active measures to prevent further spread of the disease. Second and third class travel has been suspended, and a quarantine station opened at Shan-hai-kwan, with a foreign physician in charge. First-class passengers will be detained five days.

The Chinese Government has invited the different nationalities represented at Pekin to select and send specialists to Manchuria to investigate the plague situation and suggest precautionary measures

against the spread of the disease.

MEXICO

TAMPICO-Smallpox.

According to information received from the Department of State January 24 the American consul at Tampico reports smallpox present at that place.

PERU.

Status of Plague.

Acting Asst. Surg. Castro Gutierrez at Callao reports, January 3 and 10:

During the period from December 18 to 31, 1910, plague was reported in Peru as follows:

Place.	Cases remaining Dec. 18.	New cases.	Recovered.	Died.	Remaining Dec. 31.
Lima	2	4	2	2	2

Bills of health from ports south of Callao show as follows: Mollendo, Peru, December 27, 5 cases of plague in preceding 2 weeks; Talcahuano, Chile, December 17, 7 cases of smallpox in preceding 2 weeks; Valparaiso, Chile, December 21, 92 cases of smallpox in preceding 2 weeks.

RUSSIA.

LIBAU-Smallpox-Examination of Emigrants.

Acting Asst. Surg. De Forest reports, January 9:

During the week ended January 1, 1 case of smallpox was reported in Libau.

The steamship *Birma* sailed for New York January 3 with 99 members of crew and 86 cabin and 528 steerage passengers. All had been in Libau the full 5 days and all vaccinated before embarkation. Baggage had been inspected for foodstuffs.